

Archaeological recording and monitoring at Nunn's Road car park, Nunn's Road, Colchester, Essex, CO1 1EJ

June 2017



by **Dr Elliott Hicks**
figures by **Sarah Carter and Chris Lister**

fieldwork by **A Wade and N Rayner**

Commissioned by Neelfred Manno, Thomasons Ltd

NGR: TL 99543 25423 (centre)

Planning reference: 170213

CAT project ref.: 17/04k

Colchester Museum accession code: COLEM 2017.54

CHER ref: ECC3983

OASIS reference: colchest3-282373



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CAT Report 1120

June 2017

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1 Summary

Archaeological monitoring and recording was carried out at Nunn's Road car park during the removal of a tree stump and groundworks for a new retaining wall. The site is located in close proximity to the ditch marking the edge of the Roman fortress of Colonia Victricensis and insula 3 of the Roman town. The remains of a demolished building, dating to the post-medieval or modern period, were uncovered.

2 Introduction (Fig 1)

This report presents the results of archaeological monitoring and recording at Nunn's Road car park, Nunn's Road, Colchester, Essex, which was carried out over the 24th April, 22nd May and 20th-21st June 2017. The work was commissioned by Neelfred Manno of Thomasons Ltd in advance of the removal of a tree stump and groundworks for a new retaining wall, and was undertaken by Colchester Archaeological Trust (CAT).

In response to consultation with Colchester Borough Council Planning Services (CBCPS), Colchester Borough Council Archaeological Advisor Jess Tipper advised that in order to establish the archaeological implications of this application, the applicant should be required to commission a scheme of archaeological investigation in accordance with paragraphs 128, 129 and 132 of the *National Planning Policy Framework* (DCLG 2012).

All archaeological work was carried out in accordance with a *Brief for Continuous Archaeological Recording*, detailing the required archaeological work, written by Jess Tipper (CBCPS 2017), and a written scheme of investigation (WSI) prepared by CAT in response to the brief and agreed with CBCPS (CAT 2017).

In addition to the brief and WSI, all fieldwork and reporting was done in accordance with English Heritage's *Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MoRPHE)* (English Heritage 2006), and with *Standards for field archaeology in the East of England* (EAA 14 and 24). This report mirrors standards and practices contained in the Institute for Archaeologists' *Standard and guidance for archaeological watching briefs* (ClfA 2014a) and *Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials* (ClfA 2014b).

3 Archaeological background

The following archaeological background draws on the Colchester Archaeological Trust report archive, the Colchester Historic Environment Record (CHER) and the Essex Historic Environment Record (EHER) accessed via the Heritage Gateway:

The site is located on or near the ditch defining the edge of the Roman fortress of *Colonia Victricensis*. It is also located on the southern edge of *insula* 3 within the later Roman town. Archaeological investigations in *insula* 3 and the nearby *insulas* 2, 4, 10 and 11 have revealed patches of Roman street metalling, the remains of buildings, tessellated pavements and mosaics (CAR 6, fig 2.9, p15). A possible Roman tessellated floor, wall and well were recorded approximately 15m east of the site (EHER 12443).

A watching brief in 2000 on the site of the car park (CAT Report 75) revealed only post-medieval and modern layers, but did include some human remains that were believed to have been disturbed, unreported and reburied during the construction of the car park in the 1960s.

A watching brief 35m south of the site at 7 Walters Yard in 1980 (CAR 6, p390, ref 8/80a) revealed a Roman mortar floor, and pit and foundation of uncertain date (EHER 13306). Archaeological evaluation on land adjacent to 9 Walters Yard in 2009 (CAT Report 512) revealed Roman horizons at a depth of 1-1.4m below current ground level, overlaid by a considerable depth of post-medieval and modern strata. A robber trench

marked the position of a Roman building (robbed out in the medieval period) which stood in the north-eastern quarter of *insula* 11, and an adjacent fragment of compacted clay represented the floor of a Roman building probably pre-dating the robbed wall.

Archaeological work on the east side of Short Cut Road 100m NW in 1975 revealed the remains of Roman buildings deeply buried below post-medieval dark earth and the foundations of brick houses (CAR 6, 801). Similar results were recorded during an evaluation and watching brief on Short Cut Road in 2007 (CAT Report 406 & 459).

A watching brief in 1999 on the site now occupied by 18-26 Nunn's Road found that Roman deposits survived at a depth of 2.05m below ground-level as 'islands', which are the result of subsequent activity cutting into the Roman deposits. A considerable amount of Roman building demolition material was seen at a depth of approximately 2.60m below ground-level; this included tile, mortar, septaria and tesserae. A small area of a possible crude surface was also recorded. Beneath the eastern site section two small patches of *in situ* Roman tessellated floor surface were uncovered at 2.65m below ground-level (CAT Report 50).

4 Results (Figs 2-3)

A section of wall measuring approximately 4m in length and 1.5m in height was removed to permit the extraction of a large tree stump. The soil was then cut back by approximately 0.5m to accommodate a new retaining wall. All work was carried out by contractors under archaeological supervision.

The removal of the tree stump and excavation of the surrounding area occurred through modern topsoil (L1, dark grey/brown sandy-loam, c 0.7-1.5m thick) built up against the brick wall. To the south, L1 sealed a layer of original topsoil (L2, dark grey/brown sandy-loam, c 0.8m thick).

The excavation revealed the remains of a post-medieval or modern demolished building, marked by abundant roots, bricks, slate, pan-tiles, mortar and iron objects, and defined by a brick wall, approximately 0.8m in height and aligned E-W, located to the rear of 48-50 West Stockwell Street.



Photograph 1 Excavated area

5 Finds

No archaeological finds were retained.

6 Conclusion

Excavations uncovered part of a wall, aligned E-W, which represents the remains of a demolished building dating either to the post-medieval or modern period. The 1897 edition of the OS 25-inch map of Colchester confirms that a building stood at this site previously, though the 1955 edition, surveyed during 1938-53, does not indicate that the building was still extant. It would seem that the remains uncovered are one of the E-W walls of this structure, which was presumably demolished at some point prior to the Second World War.



Map 1 OS 25-inch, Essex (1st Ed/Rev 1862-96) XXVII.12, revised: 1896, published: 1897; location of building shown by blue arrow



Map 2 OS 1:25,000, TL92, Surveyed: 1938 - 1953, Published: 1955; previous location of building shown by blue arrow

7 Acknowledgements

CAT thanks Neelfred Manno of Thomasons Ltd for commissioning and funding the work. The project was managed by C Lister and carried out by A Wade and N Rayner. Figures were prepared by S Carter and C Lister. The project was monitored for the CBCPS by Jess Tipper.

8 References

Note: all CAT reports, except for DBAs, are available online in PDF format at <http://cat.essex.ac.uk>

Brown, D	2007	<i>Archaeological Archives: A guide to best practice in creation, compilation, transfer and curation</i>
CAR 6	1992	<i>Colchester Archaeological Report 6: Excavations at Culver Street, the Gilbert School, and other sites in Colchester, 1971-85</i> , by P Crummy
CAT	2014	<i>Health & Safety Policy</i>
CAT	2017	<i>Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) for continuous archaeological recording at the Nunn's Road car park, Colchester, Essex, CO1 1EJ</i>
CAT Report 50	1999	<i>An archaeological watching brief on land off Nunn's Road, Colchester: September 1999</i>
CAT Report 75	2000	<i>Watching brief report: NCP Car Park, Nunn's Road, Colchester</i>
CAT Report 406	2007	<i>An archaeological evaluation at Short Cut Road, Colchester, Essex: January 2007</i>
CAT Report 459	2007	<i>An archaeological watching brief at Short Cut Road, Colchester, Essex: November 2007</i>
CAT Report 512	2009	<i>An archaeological evaluation on land adjacent to 9 Walter's Yard, Colchester, Essex: April 2009</i>
CBC	2016	<i>Brief for continuous archaeological monitoring and recording at National Car Parks Ltd, Nunns Road, Colchester, CO1 1EJ</i> , by Jess Tipper
Cifa	2014	<i>Standard and Guidance for an archaeological watching brief</i>
Cifa	2014	<i>Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials</i>
DCLG English Heritage	2012	<i>National Planning Policy Framework</i>
Gurney, D	2006	<i>Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MoRPHE)</i>
Gurney, D	2003	<i>Standards for field archaeology in the East of England</i> . East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 14 (EAA 14).
Hull, M R	1958	<i>Roman Colchester</i> , RRCSAL, 20
Medlycott, M	2011	<i>Research and archaeology revisited: A revised framework for the East of England</i> . East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 24 (EAA 24)

9 Abbreviations and glossary

CAT	Colchester Archaeological Trust
CBCPS	Colchester Borough Council Planning Services
CBM	brick/tile (ceramic building material)
CHER	Colchester Historic Environment Record
Cifa	Chartered Institute for Archaeologists
context	specific location of finds on an archaeological site
feature (F)	an identifiable thing like a pit, a wall, a drain: can contain 'contexts'
Iron Age	period from 700 BC to Roman invasion of AD 43
layer (L)	distinct or distinguishable deposit (layer) of material
modern	period from c AD 1800 to the present
natural	geological deposit undisturbed by human activity
NGR	National Grid Reference
OASIS	Online Access to the Index of Archaeological Investigations, http://oasis.ac.uk/pages/wiki/Main
peg-tile	rectangular thin tile with peg hole(s) used mainly for roofing, first appeared c AD1200 and continued in use to present day, but commonly post-medieval to modern
post-medieval	period from c AD 1500 to c 1800
residual	something out of its original context, eg a Roman coin in a modern pit
Roman	the period from AD 43 to c AD 410
Section	(abbreviation sc or Sx) vertical slice through feature/s or layer/s
ws	written scheme of investigation

10 Contents of archive

Finds: n/a

Paper and digital record

One A4 document wallet containing:

The report (CAT Report 1120)

CBCPS evaluation brief, CAT written scheme of investigation

Original site record (feature and layer sheets, finds record, plans)

Site digital photos and log, architectural plans, attendance register, risk assessment

11 Archive deposition

The paper and digital archive is currently held by the Colchester Archaeological Trust at Roman Circus House, Roman Circus Walk, Colchester, Essex, CO2 7GZ, but will be permanently deposited with Colchester Museum under accession code: COLEM 2017.54.

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Distribution list

Neelfred Manno, Thomasons Ltd

Jess Tipper, Colchester Borough Council Planning Services

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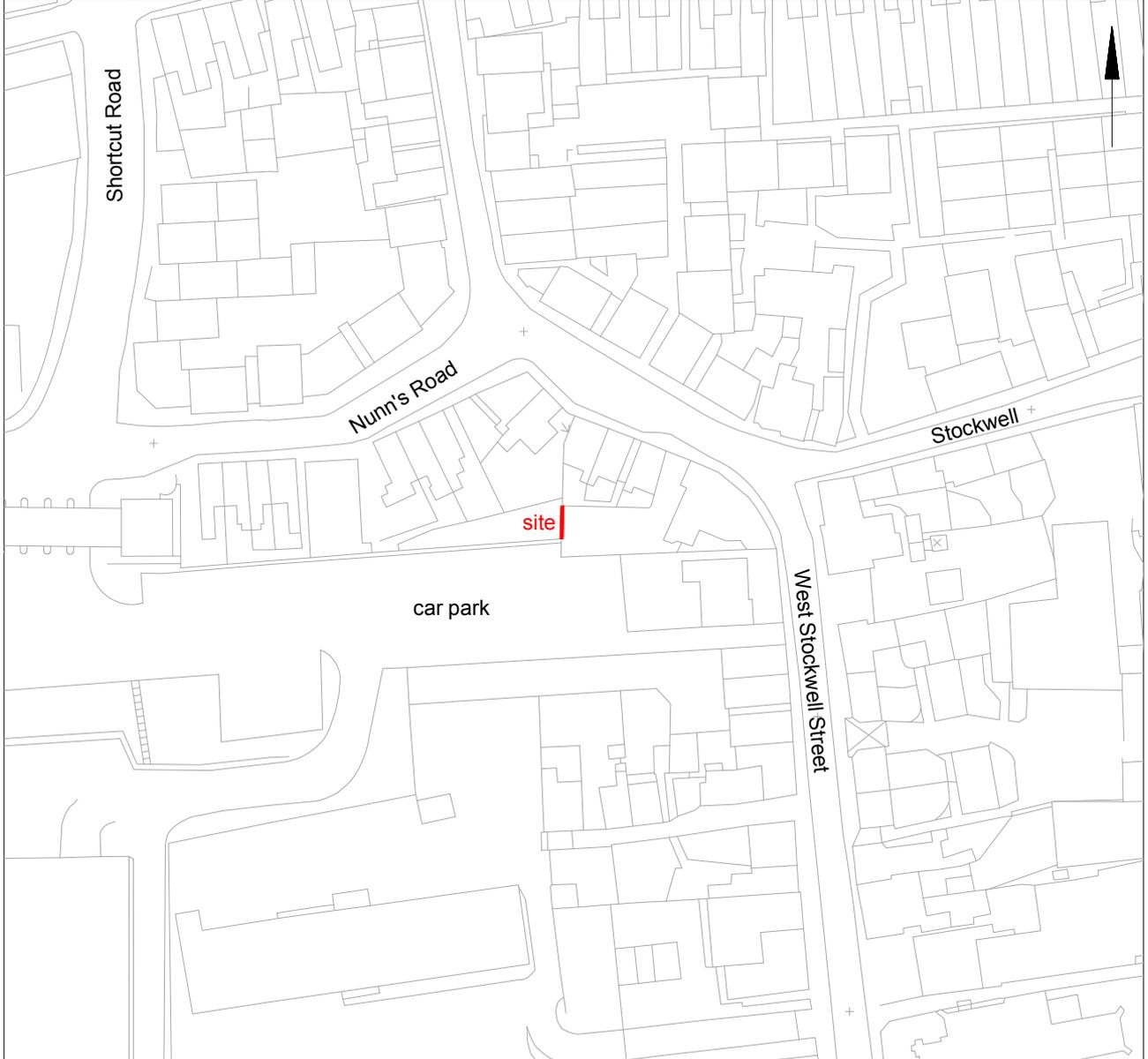
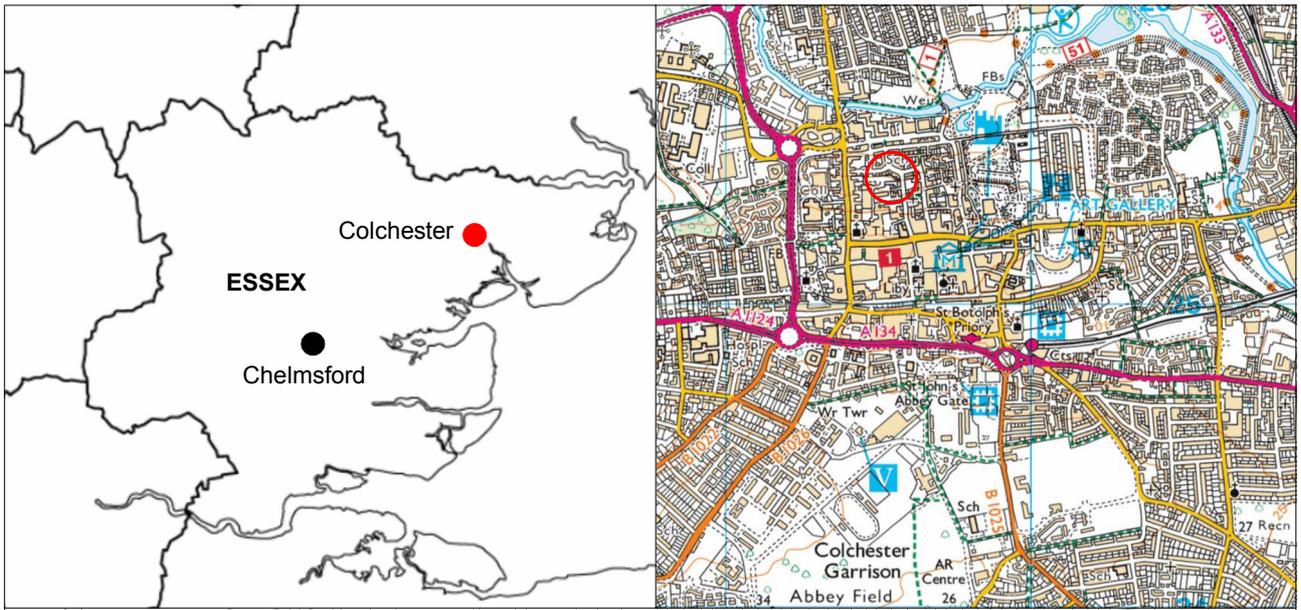
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Date: 23.06.2017



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Fig 1 Site location.



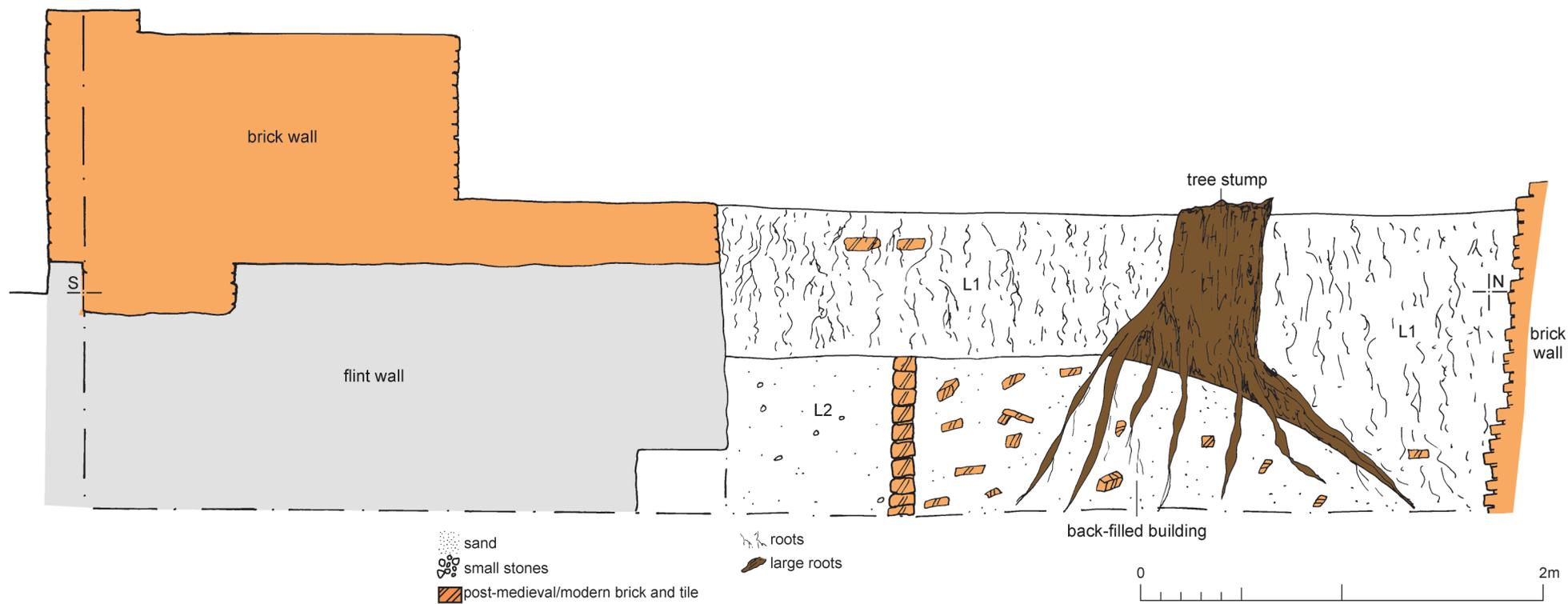


Fig 2 Representative section.

Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) for continuous archaeological recording at the Nunn's Road car park, Colchester, Essex, CO1 1EJ

NGR: TL 99543 25423 (centre)

Planning reference: 170213

Client: Neelfred Manno, Thomasons Ltd

Curating museum: Colchester

Museum accession code: [tbc](#)

CHER project code: [tbc](#)

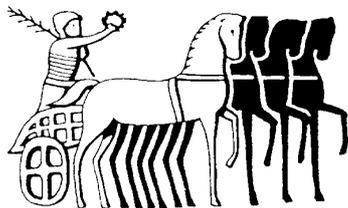
CAT project code: 17/04k

OASIS ref.: colchest3-282373

Site manager: Chris Lister

CBC monitor: Jess Tipper

This WSI written: 11.4.2017



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Site location and description

The development site lies within the historic 'Dutch Quarter' in Colchester town centre at the Nunn's Road car park (Fig 1). Site centre is TL 99543 25423 (centre).

Proposed work

The development comprises the replacement of a boundary retaining wall.

Archaeological background

The following archaeological background draws on the Colchester Archaeological Trust report archive, the Colchester Historic Environment Record (CHER) and the Essex Historic Environment Record (EHER) accessed via the Heritage Gateway:

The site is located on or near the ditch defining the edge of the Roman fortress of *Colonia Claudia*. It is also located on the southern edge of *insula* 3 within the later Roman town. Archaeological investigations in *insula* 3 and the nearby *insulas* 2, 4, 10 and 11 have revealed patches of Roman street metalling, the remains of buildings, tessellated pavements and mosaics (*CAR 6*, fig 2.9, p15). A possible Roman tessellated floor, wall and well was recorded approximately 15m east of the site (EHER 12443).

A watching brief in 2000 on the site of the car park (CAT Report 75) revealed only post-medieval and modern layers, but did include some human remains that were believed to have been disturbed, unreported and reburied during the construction of the car park in the 1960s.

A watching brief 35m south of the site at 7 Walters Yard in 1980 (*CAR 6*, p390, ref 8/80a) revealed a Roman mortar floor, and pit and foundation of uncertain date (EHER 13306). Archaeological evaluation on land adjacent to 9 Walters Yard in 2009 (CAT Report 512) revealed Roman horizons at a depth of 1-1.4m below current ground level, overlaid by a considerable depth of post-medieval and modern strata. A robber trench marked the position of a Roman building (robbed out in the medieval period) which stood in the north-eastern quarter of *insula* 11, and an adjacent fragment of compacted clay represented the floor of a Roman building probably pre-dating the robbed wall.

Archaeological work on the east side of Short Cut Road 100m NW in 1975 revealed the remains of Roman buildings deeply buried below post-medieval dark earth and the foundations of brick houses (*CAR 6*, 801). Similar results were recorded during an evaluation and watching brief on Short Cut Road in 2007 (CAT Report 406 & 459).

A watching brief in 1999 on the site now occupied by 18-26 Nunn's Road found that Roman deposits survived at a depth of 2.05m below ground-level as 'islands', which are the result of subsequent activity cutting into the Roman deposits. A considerable amount of Roman building demolition material was seen at a depth of approximately 2.60m below ground-level; this included tile, mortar, septaria and tesserae. A small area of a possible crude surface was also recorded. Beneath the eastern site section two small patches of *in situ* Roman tessellated floor surface were uncovered at 2.65m below ground-level (CAT Report 50).

Planning background

A planning application was made to Colchester Borough Council in January 2017 (application No. 170213) proposing the replacement of a boundary retaining wall.

As the site lies within an area highlighted by the EHER / CHER as having a high potential for archaeological deposits, an archaeological condition was recommended by the Colchester Borough Council Archaeological Advisor (CBCAA). The recommended archaeological condition is based on the guidance given in the *National Planning Policy Framework* (DCLG 2012).

Requirement for work

The required archaeological work is for continuous archaeological monitoring and recording of all groundworks. Details are given in a Project Brief written by CBCAA (CBC 2017).

Specifically:

The monitoring and recording is being undertaken to identify and record any surviving archaeological deposits that may exist on site.

If unexpected remains are encountered the CBCAA will be informed immediately who may decide that amendments to the brief and wsi may be required to ensure adequate provision for archaeological recording. This could include the need for archaeological excavation of parts of the site which would be otherwise damaged or destroyed.

General methodology

All work carried out by CAT will be in accordance with:

- professional standards of the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists, including its *Code of Conduct* (ClfA 2014a, b)
- Standards and Frameworks published by East Anglian Archaeology (Gurney 2003, Medlycott 2011)
- relevant Health & Safety guidelines and requirements (CAT 2014)
- the Project Briefs issued by the CBCAA (CBC 2017).

Professional CAT field archaeologists will undertake all specified archaeological work, for which they will be suitably experienced and qualified.

Notification of the supervisor/project manager's name and the start date for the project will be provided to CBCAA one week before start of work.

Unless it is the responsibility of other site contractors, CAT will study mains service locations and avoid damage to these.

At the start of work (immediately before fieldwork commences) an OASIS online record <http://ads.ahds.ac.uk/project/oasis/> will be initiated and key fields completed on Details, Location and Creators forms. At the end of the project all parts of the OASIS online form will be completed for submission to EHER. This will include an uploaded .PDF version of the entire report.

A project or site code will be sought from the curating museum. This code will be used to identify the project archive when it is deposited at the curating museum.

Staffing

The number of field staff for this project is estimated as follows: One CAT officer for the duration of the groundworks.

Monitoring methodology

There will be sufficient on-site attendance by CAT staff to maintain a watch on all contractors' ground works to record, excavate or sample (as necessary) any archaeological features or deposits.

All topsoil removal and ground reduction will be done with a toothless bucket.

If archaeological features or deposits are uncovered, time will be allowed for these to be planned and recorded.

If any features or deposits uncovered are to be destroyed by the proposed development, time will be allowed for these features to be excavated by hand. This includes a 50% sample of discrete features (pits, etc) and 10% of linear features (ditches, etc).

Fast hand-excavation techniques involving (for instance) picks, forks and mattocks will not be used on complex stratigraphy.

A metal detector will be used to examine spoil heaps, and the finds recovered.

Individual records of excavated contexts, layers, features or deposits will be entered on pro-forma record sheets. Registers will be compiled of finds, small finds and soil samples.

All features and layers or other significant deposits will be planned, and their profiles or sections recorded. The normal scale will be site plans at 1:20 and sections at 1:10, unless circumstances indicate that other scales would be appropriate.

Site surveying

Normal scale for archaeological site plans and sections is 1:20 and 1:10 respectively, unless circumstances indicate that other scales would be more appropriate.

The site grid will be tied into the National Grid. Corners of excavation areas and trenches will be located by NGR coordinates.

Environmental sampling policy

CAT has an arrangement with Val Fryer/Lisa Gray whereby any potentially rich environmental layers or features will be appropriately sampled as a matter of course, but only if they are datable. Processing will be carried out by trained CAT staff with analysis and reporting done by VF/LG. If any complex or outstanding deposits are encountered, VF/LG will be asked onto site to advise. EH Regional Adviser is available for further advice.

Human remains

CAT follows the policy of leaving human remains *in situ* unless there is a clear indication that the remains are in danger of being compromised as a result of their exposure. If circumstances indicated it were prudent or necessary to remove remains from the site during the monitoring, the following criteria would be applied; if it is clear from their position, context, depth, or other factors that the remains are ancient, then normal procedure is to apply to the Department of Justice for a licence to remove them. In that case, conditions laid down by the license will be followed. If it seems that the remains are not ancient, then the coroner, the client, and CBCAA will be informed, and any advice and/or instruction from the coroner will be followed.

Photographic record

Will include both general and feature-specific photographs, the latter with scale and north arrow. A photo register giving context number, details, and direction of shot will be prepared on site, and included in site archive.

Finds

All significant finds will be retained.

All finds, where appropriate, will be washed and marked with site code and context number.

Stephen Benfield (CAT) normally writes our finds reports. Some categories of finds are automatically referred to other CAT specialists:

small finds, metalwork, coins, etc: Pip Parmenter

animal bones (small groups): Pip Parmenter

flints: Adam Wightman

or to outside specialists:

animal bones (large groups) and human remains: Julie Curl (*Sylvanus*)

environmental processing and reporting: Val Fryer (Loddon)

conservation of finds: staff at Colchester Museum
Other specialists whose opinion can be sought on large or complex groups include:
Roman brick/tile: Ernest Black
Roman glass: Hilary Cool
Prehistoric pottery: Paul Sealey
Other: EH Regional Adviser in Archaeological Science (East of England).

All finds of potential treasure will be removed to a safe place, and the coroner informed immediately, in accordance with the rules of the Treasure Act 1996. The definition of treasure is given in pages 3-5 of the Code of Practice of the above act. This refers primarily to gold or silver objects.

Requirements for conservation and storage of finds will be agreed with the appropriate museum prior to the start of work, and confirmed to CBCAA.

Results

Notification will be given to CBCAA when the fieldwork has been completed.

An appropriate archive will be prepared to minimum acceptable standards outlined in *Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment* (English Heritage 2006).

The report will be submitted within 6 months of the end of fieldwork, with a copy supplied to CBCAA as a PDF.

The report will contain:

- Location plan of groundworks. At least two corners of which will be given 10 figure grid references.
- Section/s drawings showing depth of deposits from present ground level with Ordnance Datum, vertical and horizontal scale.
- Archaeological methodology and detailed results including a suitable conclusion and discussion and results referring to Regional Research Frameworks (Medlycott 2011).
- All specialist reports or assessments
- A concise non-technical summary of the project results.

An EHER summary sheet will also be completed within four weeks and supplied to CBCAA.

Results will be published, to at least a summary level (i.e. round-up in *Essex Archaeology & History*) in the year following the archaeological field work. An allowance will be made in the project costs for the report to be published in an adequately peer reviewed journal or monograph series

Archive Deposition

It is a policy of Colchester Borough Council that the integrity of the site archive be maintained (i.e. all finds and records should be properly curated by a single organisation), with the archive available for public consultation. To achieve this desired aim it is assumed that the full archive will be deposited in Colchester Museums *unless otherwise agreed in advance*. (A full copy of the archive shall in any case be deposited).

By accepting this WSI, the client agrees to deposit the archive, including all artefacts, at Colchester & Ipswich Museum.

The requirements for archive storage will be agreed with the curating museum.

If the finds are to remain with the landowner, a full copy of the archive will be housed with the curating museum.

The archive will be deposited with Colchester & Ipswich Museum within 3 months of the completion of the final publication report, with a summary of the contents of the archive supplied to CBCAA.

Monitoring

CBCAA will be responsible for monitoring progress and standards throughout the project, and will be kept regularly informed during fieldwork, post-excavation and publication stages.

Notification of the start of work will be given to CBCAA one week in advance of its commencement.

Any variations in this WSI will be agreed with CBCAA prior to them being carried out.

CBCAA will be notified when the fieldwork is complete.

The involvement of CBCAA shall be acknowledged in any report or publication generated by this project.

References

- | | | |
|------------------|-------|---|
| Brown, D | 2007 | <i>Archaeological Archives: A guide to best practice in creation, compilation, transfer and curation</i> |
| CAR 6 | 1992 | <i>Colchester Archaeological Report 6: Excavations at Culver Street, the Gilbert School, and other sites in Colchester, 1971-85</i> , by P Crummy |
| CAT | 2014 | <i>Health & Safety Policy</i> |
| CAT Report 50 | 1999 | <i>An archaeological watching brief on land off Nunn's Road, Colchester: September 1999</i> |
| CAT Report 75 | 2000 | <i>Watching brief report: NCP Car Park, Nunn's Road, Colchester</i> |
| CAT Report 406 | 2007 | <i>An archaeological evaluation at Short Cut Road, Colchester, Essex: January 2007</i> |
| CAT Report 459 | 2007 | <i>An archaeological watching brief at Short Cut Road, Colchester, Essex: November 2007</i> |
| CAT Report 512 | 2009 | <i>An archaeological evaluation on land adjacent to 9 Walter's Yard, Colchester, Essex: April 2009</i> |
| CBC | 2016 | <i>Brief for continuous archaeological monitoring and recording at National Car Parks Ltd, Nunns Road, Colchester, CO1 1EJ</i> , by Jess Tipper |
| CIfA | 2014a | <i>Standard and Guidance for an archaeological watching brief</i> |
| CIfA | 2014b | <i>Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials</i> |
| DCLG | 2012 | <i>National Planning Policy Framework</i> |
| English Heritage | 2006 | <i>Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MoRPHE)</i> |
| Gurney, D | 2003 | <i>Standards for field archaeology in the East of England</i> . East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 14 (EAA 14). |
| Hull, M R | 1958 | <i>Roman Colchester</i> , RRCSAL, 20 |
| Medlycott, M | 2011 | <i>Research and archaeology revisited: A revised framework for the East of England</i> . East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 24 (EAA 24) |

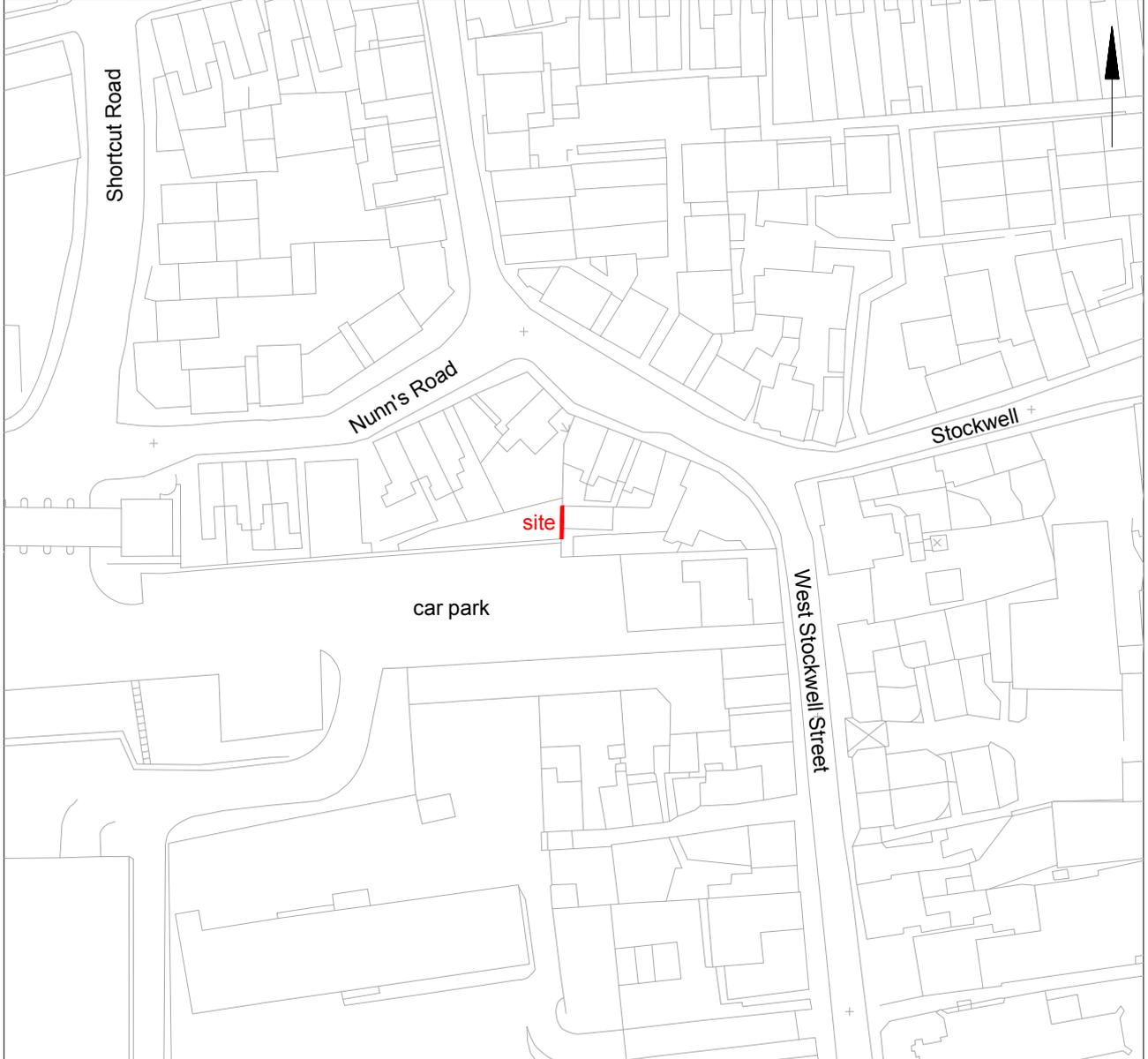
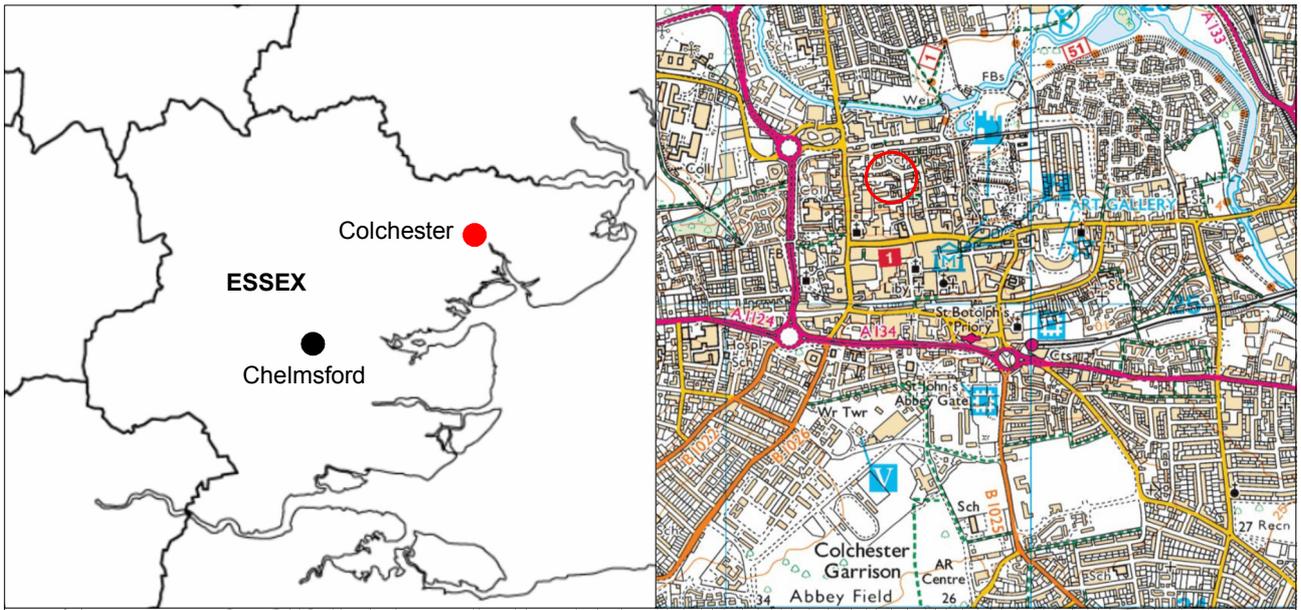
L Pooley



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Fig 1 Site location.



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OASIS ID: colchest3-282373

Project details

Project name	Archaeological monitoring and recording at the Nunn's Road Car Park, Colchester, Essex, CO1 1EJ
Short description of the project	Archaeological monitoring and recording was carried out at Nunn's Road car park during the removal of a tree stump and groundworks for a new retaining wall. The site is located in close proximity to the ditch marking the edge of the Roman fortress of Colonia Victricensis and insula 3 of the Roman town. The remains of a demolished building, dating to the post-medieval or modern period, were uncovered.
Project dates	Start: 24-04-2017 End: 21-06-2017
Previous/future work	Yes / Not known
Any associated project reference codes	17/04k - Contracting Unit No.
Any associated project reference codes	170213 - Planning Application No.
Type of project	Recording project
Site status	None
Current Land use	Transport and Utilities 2 - Other transport infrastructure
Monument type	WALL Modern
Monument type	WALL Post Medieval
Investigation type	""Watching Brief""
Prompt	Planning condition

Project location

Country	England
Site location	ESSEX COLCHESTER COLCHESTER Nunn's Road Car Park
Postcode	CO1 1EJ
Study area	40 Square metres
Site coordinates	TL 99543 25423 51.891060266195 0.90019552125 51 53 27 N 000 54 00 E Point

Project creators

Name of Organisation	Colchester Archaeological Trust
----------------------	---------------------------------

Project brief originator	CBC Archaeological Officer
Project design originator	Laura Pooley
Project director/manager	Chris Lister
Project supervisor	Alec Wade
Type of sponsor/funding body	Developer

Project archives

Physical Archive Exists?	No
Digital Archive recipient	Colchester Museum
Digital Archive ID	COLEM: 2017.54
Digital Media available	"Images raster / digital photography"
Paper Archive recipient	Colchester Museum
Paper Archive ID	COLEM: 2017.54
Paper Media available	"Context sheet", "Drawing", "Miscellaneous Material", "Photograph", "Report", "Section"

Project bibliography 1

Publication type	Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)
Title	Archaeological recording and monitoring at Nunn's Road car park, Nunn's Road, Colchester, Essex, CO1 1EJ
Author(s)/Editor(s)	Hicks, E.
Other bibliographic details	CAT Report 1120
Date	2017
Issuer or publisher	Colchester Archaeological Trust
Place of issue or publication	Colchester
Description	A-4 loose-leaf, ring-bound
URL	http://cat.essex.ac.uk/
Entered by	Laura Pooley (lp@catuk.org)
Entered on	29 June 2017

Please e-mail [Historic England](#) for OASIS help and advice

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Essex Historic Environment Record/ Essex Archaeology and History

Summary sheet

Address: Nunn's Road car park, Nunn's Road, Colchester, Essex, CO1 1EJ	
Parish: Colchester	District: Colchester
NGR: TL 99543 35423 (centre)	Site code: CAT project ref.: 17/04k CHER ref: ECC3983 OASIS ref: colchest3-282373
Type of work: Watching brief	Site director/group: Colchester Archaeological Trust
Date of work: 24th April, 22nd May, 20th-21st June 2017	Size of area investigated: 40m ²
Location of curating museum: Colchester museum accession code COLEM: 2017.54	Funding source: Developer
Further seasons anticipated? Not known	Related UAD/SMR number: EHER 12443, 13306
Final report: CAT Report 1120	
Periods represented: -	
Summary of fieldwork results: <i>Archaeological monitoring and recording was carried out at Nunn's Road car park during the removal of a tree stump. The site is located in close proximity to the ditch marking the edge of the Roman fortress of Colonia Claudia and insula 3 of the Roman town. The remains of a post-medieval or modern backfilled cellar or demolished building were uncovered.</i>	
Previous summaries/reports: None	
CBC monitor: Jess Tipper	
Keywords: -	Significance: -
Author of summary: Dr Elliott Hicks	Date of summary: June 2017